

Kansas City Kansas Community College

Kansas City Kansas Community College is a public, urban, open-door, and comprehensive community college committed to excellence in higher education. Through an accessible and supportive learning environment, the college mission is to provide higher education and lifelong learning to the varied communities, primarily in its service area of Wyandotte and Leavenworth counties.

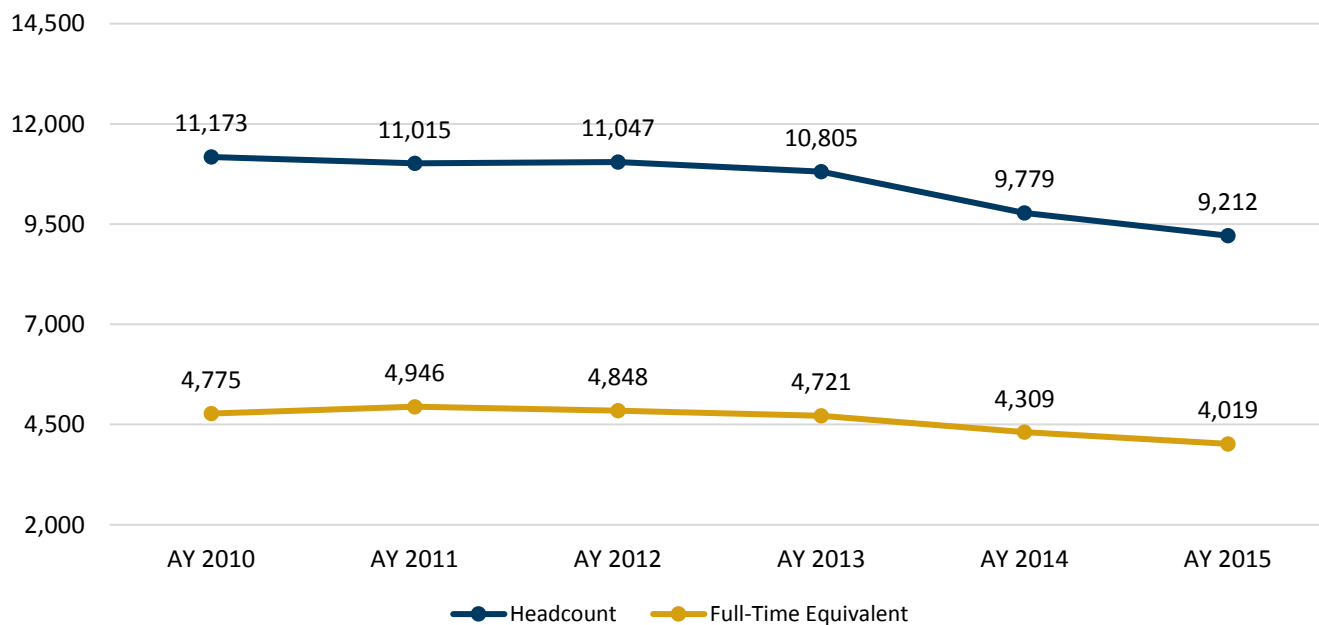
Student Demographics

Table P.10

Academic Year 2010 - 2015

	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
Enrollment Headcount	11,173	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	9,212	-17.6%
Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment	4,775	4,946	4,848	4,721	4,309	4,019	-15.8%

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Headcount and FTE
2010 - 2015**



Notes for this section begin on page 226.

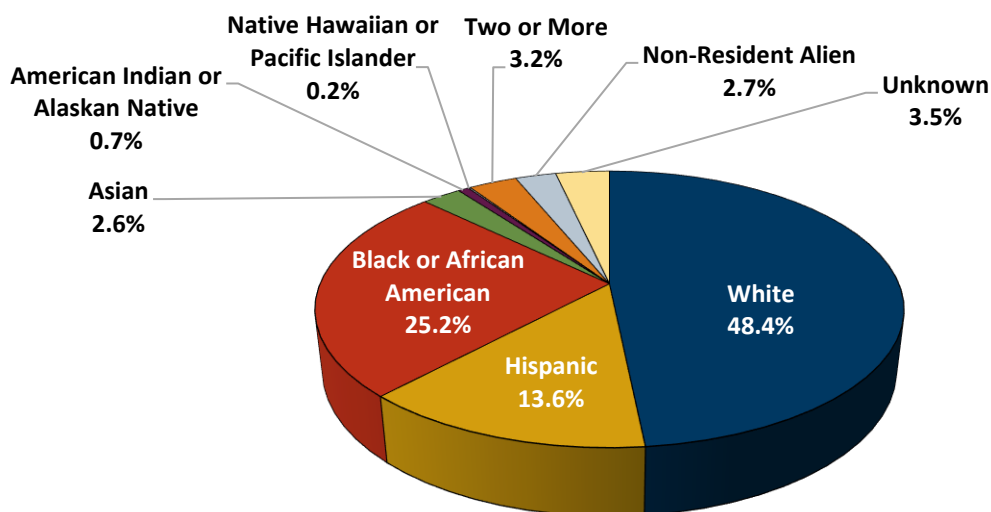
Source: KHEDS AY Collection

**Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity
Academic Year 2010 - 2015**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.11**

Race/Ethnicity	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
White	54.3%	52.8%	51.2%	50.3%	49.6%	48.4%	-26.5%
Hispanic	7.4%	8.6%	9.2%	10.4%	11.3%	13.6%	51.2%
Black or African American	26.0%	27.2%	28.1%	27.3%	26.4%	25.2%	-20.0%
Asian	2.0%	2.0%	2.2%	2.2%	2.5%	2.6%	7.7%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0.8%	0.7%	0.7%	0.6%	0.6%	0.7%	-23.5%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.1%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	0.2%	-12.5%
Two or More	0.5%	1.5%	2.0%	2.8%	2.9%	3.2%	461.5%
Non-Resident Alien	1.9%	2.1%	2.3%	2.3%	2.6%	2.7%	17.7%
Unknown	7.1%	5.0%	4.1%	3.9%	3.9%	3.5%	-59.0%

**Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity
Academic Year 2015**



**Enrollment by Gender
Academic Year 2010 - 2015**

Table P.12

Gender	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
Female	6,685	6,698	6,761	6,503	5,762	5,483	-18.0%
Male	4,349	4,288	4,258	4,278	3,997	3,726	-14.3%
Unknown	139	29	28	24	20	3	-97.8%
Total	11,173	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	9,212	-17.6%

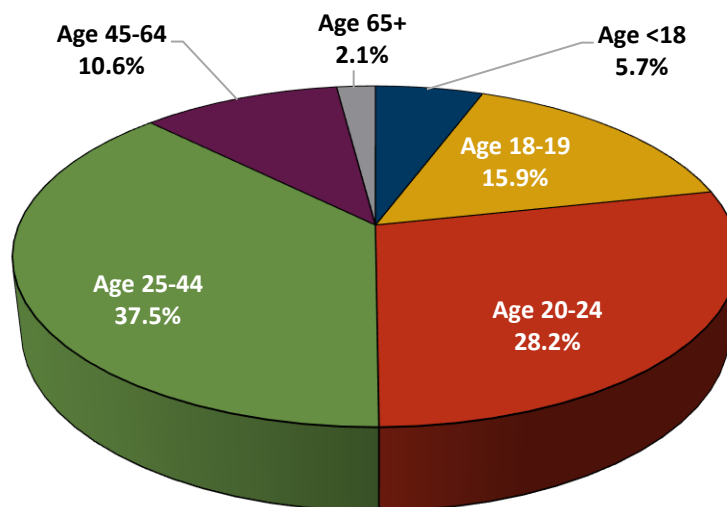
Notes for this section begin on page 226.
Source: KHEDS AY Collection

**Enrollment by Age
Academic Year 2010 - 2015**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.13**

Age	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
<18	5.1%	5.4%	5.4%	5.7%	5.1%	5.7%	11.8%
18-19	14.9%	14.1%	13.9%	14.9%	15.6%	15.9%	6.9%
20-24	27.6%	28.1%	27.8%	27.4%	27.8%	28.2%	2.2%
25-44	38.1%	39.2%	39.1%	39.2%	38.5%	37.5%	-1.7%
45-64	12.1%	11.4%	11.6%	11.0%	11.0%	10.6%	-12.4%
65+	2.2%	1.9%	2.2%	1.9%	2.0%	2.1%	-4.4%

**Enrollment by Age
Academic Year 2015**



**Enrollment by Student Status & Residency
Academic Year 2010 - 2015**

Table P.14

Student Status	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
Full-Time	2,107	2,184	2,075	1,919	1,817	1,655	-21.5%
Part-Time	9,066	8,831	8,972	8,886	7,962	7,557	-16.6%
Total	11,173	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	9,212	-17.6%
Student Residency*							
Resident	10,596	10,423	10,319	10,071	8,949	8,408	-20.6%
Resident by Exception	-	-	67	134	111	119	NA
Non-resident	577	592	661	600	719	685	18.7%
Total	11,173	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	9,212	-17.6%

*See notes section for explanation of the change in student residency definition.

Notes for this section begin on page 226.

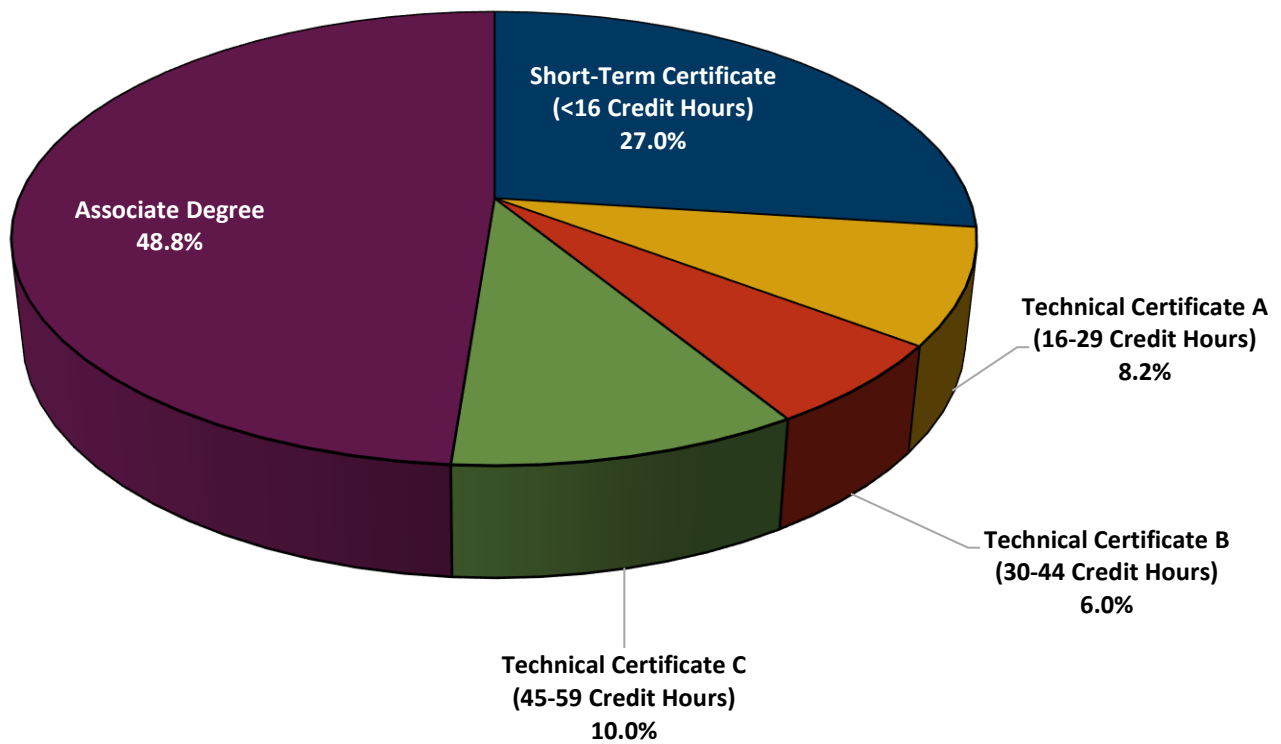
Source: KHEDS AY Collection

**Degrees/Certificates Awarded
Academic Year 2010 - 2015**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.15**

	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 11 - 14
Short-Term Certificate (<16 Credit Hours)	508	477	350	337	358	-29.5%
Technical Certificate A (16-29 Credit Hours)	29	61	58	58	109	275.9%
Technical Certificate B (30-44 Credit Hours)	39	50	61	75	79	102.6%
Technical Certificate C (45-59 Credit Hours)	200	176	160	162	132	-34.0%
Associate Degree	593	647	641	585	646	8.9%
Total	1,369	1,411	1,270	1,217	1,324	-3.3%

**Degrees/Certificates Awarded
Academic Year 2015**



Notes for this section begin on page 226.
Source: KHEDS AY Collection

**Graduation Rates of First-Time, Full-Time Freshmen
(100%, 150%, and 200% of Program Time)**

Table P.16

	Cohort Year					
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
100% Graduation Rate	15.6%	15.8%	14.6%	19.6%	15.5%	17.1%
150% Graduation Rate	24.5%	21.0%	23.0%	24.8%	20.2%	22.3%
200% Graduation Rate	30.7%	24.3%	26.8%	27.6%	23.6%	NA*

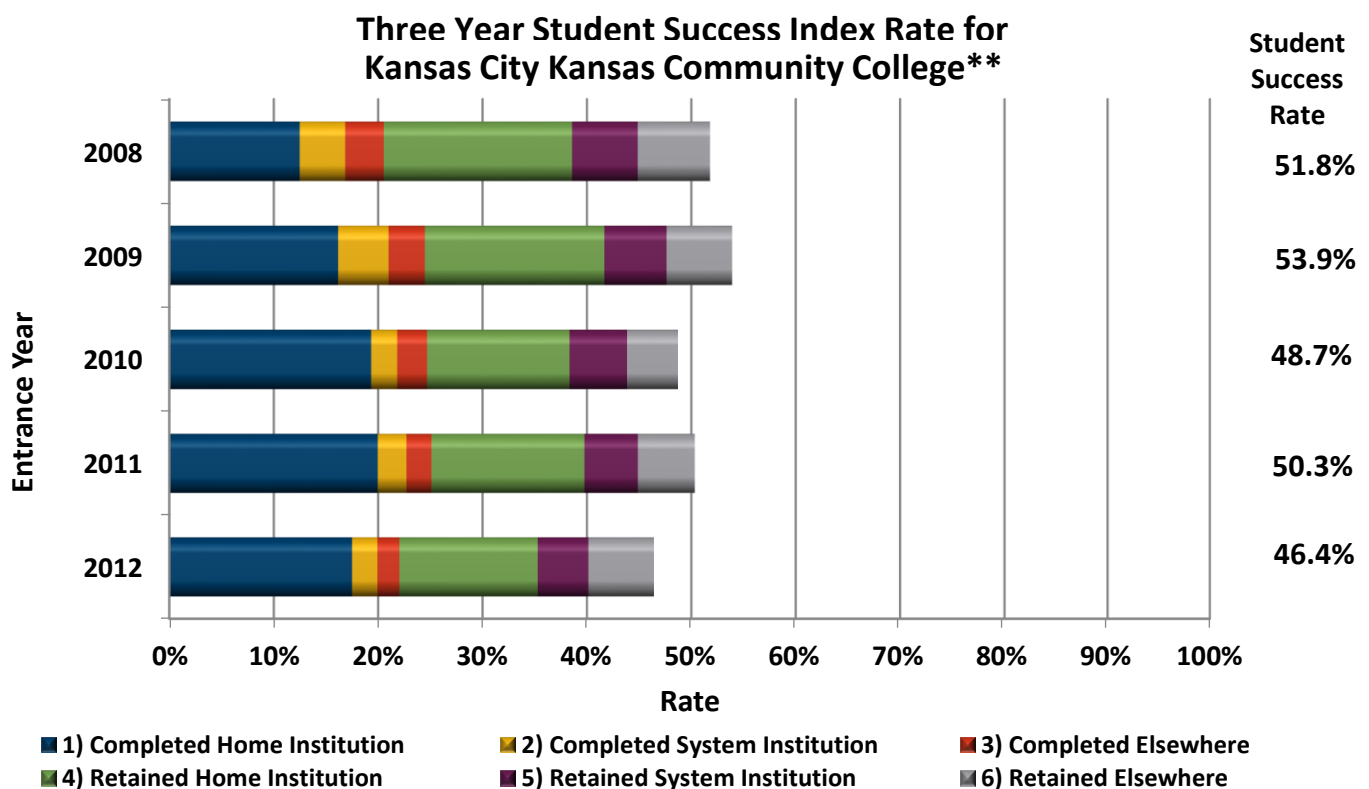
Fall Retention Rates of First-Time Students

Table P.17

	Cohort Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Part-Time Rate	37.2%	34.9%	36.4%	33.4%	35.4%	37.3%
Full-Time Rate	56.4%	54.9%	54.6%	54.0%	49.3%	56.6%

**Student Success Index of First-Time & Transferring Students
Entrance Year 2008 - 2012**

Table P.18



*Data for the 200% rate for this cohort is not yet available.

**Specific data for the categories listed below is included in the notes section.

Notes for this section begin on page 226.

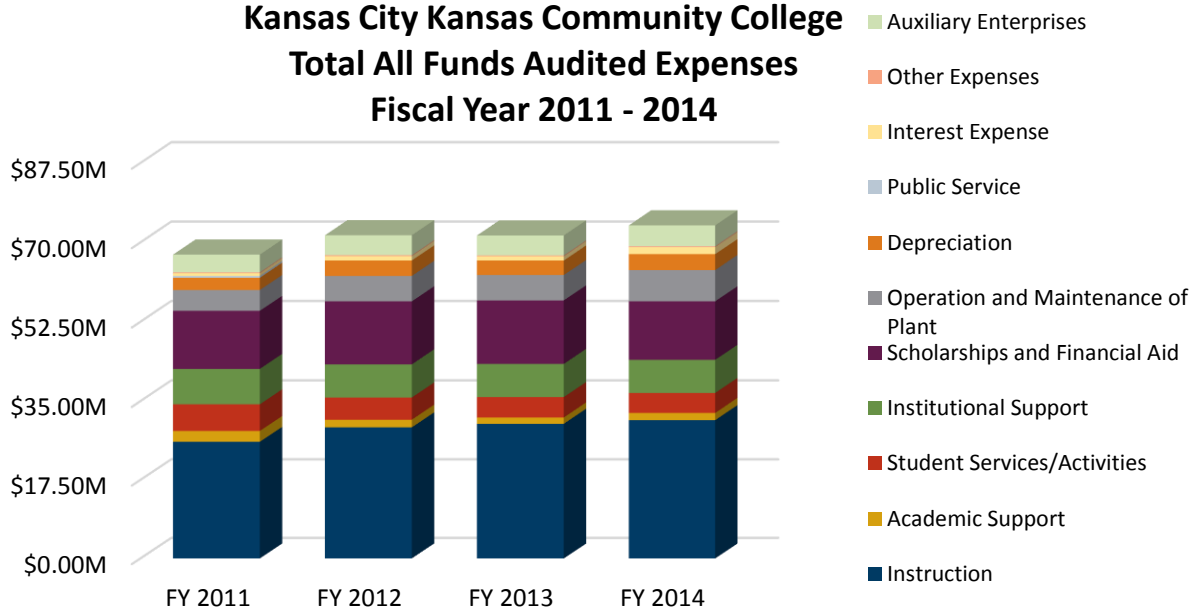
Source: IPEDS Graduation Rates, 200% Graduation Rates, and Fall Enrollment Surveys; KHEDS AY Collection; National Student Clearinghouse

**Total All Funds Audited Expenses
Fiscal Year 2011 - 2014**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.20**

Category	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	% Change FY 11 - 14
Instruction	\$26,000,000	\$29,200,000	\$30,000,000	\$30,800,000	18.5%
per FTE Student	\$5,257	\$6,023	\$6,355	\$7,148	36.0%
Academic Support	\$2,400,000	\$1,700,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,600,000	-33.3%
per FTE Student	\$485	\$351	\$297	\$371	-23.5%
Student Services/Activities	\$5,900,000	\$4,900,000	\$4,500,000	\$4,400,000	-25.4%
per FTE Student	\$1,193	\$1,011	\$953	\$1,021	-14.4%
Institutional Support	\$7,800,000	\$7,300,000	\$7,300,000	\$7,300,000	-6.4%
per FTE Student	\$1,577	\$1,506	\$1,546	\$1,694	7.4%
Scholarships and Financial Aid	\$12,800,000	\$13,900,000	\$14,000,000	\$12,900,000	0.8%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	\$4,600,000	\$5,600,000	\$5,600,000	\$6,900,000	50.0%
Depreciation	\$2,700,000	\$3,400,000	\$3,200,000	\$3,500,000	29.6%
Public Service	\$400,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Interest Expense	\$594,864	\$965,848	\$921,355	\$1,540,076	158.9%
Realized Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Unrealized Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Other Expenses	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	0.0%
Subtotal All Funds - Expenses	\$63,394,864	\$67,165,848	\$67,121,355	\$69,140,076	9.1%
Auxiliary Enterprises	\$3,900,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,400,000	\$4,600,000	17.9%
Total All Funds - Expenses	\$67,294,864	\$71,565,848	\$71,521,355	\$73,740,076	9.6%
Total Headcount	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	-11.2%
Total FTE	4,946	4,848	4,721	4,309	-12.9%

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Total All Funds Audited Expenses
Fiscal Year 2011 - 2014**



Notes for this section begin on page 226.

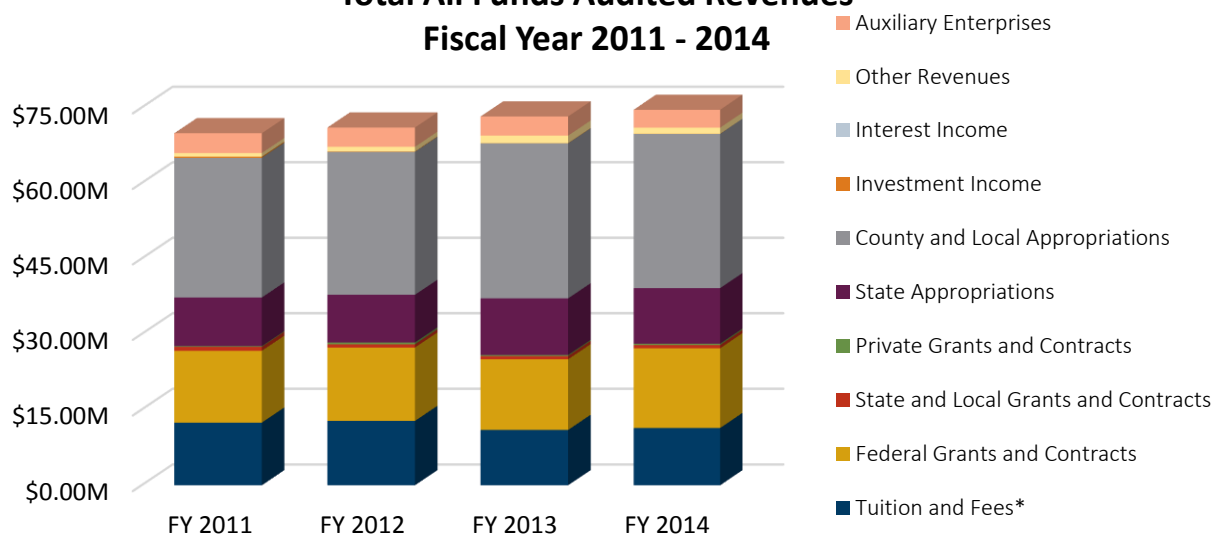
Source: Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements; KHEDS AY Collection

**Total All Funds Audited Revenues
Fiscal Year 2011 - 2014**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.30**

Category	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	% Change FY 11 - 14
Tuition and Fees*	\$12,428,632	\$12,774,583	\$10,982,508	\$11,360,733	-8.6%
Federal Grants and Contracts	\$14,245,080	\$14,546,228	\$14,004,096	\$15,814,515	11.0%
State and Local Grants and Contracts	\$781,027	\$651,386	\$640,662	\$646,168	-17.3%
Private Grants and Contracts	\$139,163	\$360,684	\$209,267	\$271,368	95.0%
State Appropriations	\$9,670,477	\$9,479,917	\$11,264,327	\$11,034,107	14.1%
County and Local Appropriations	\$27,758,096	\$28,396,434	\$30,799,252	\$30,659,936	10.5%
Gifts and Contributions	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Investment Income	\$221,236	\$67,200	\$33,035	\$13,813	-93.8%
Interest Income	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Realized Gains	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Unrealized Gains	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Other Revenues	\$730,340	\$946,625	\$1,507,406	\$1,210,056	65.7%
Subtotal All Funds - Revenues	\$65,974,051	\$67,223,057	\$69,440,553	\$71,010,696	7.6%
Auxiliary Enterprises	\$3,937,513	\$3,826,794	\$3,811,507	\$3,557,568	-9.6%
Total All Funds - Revenues	\$69,911,564	\$71,049,851	\$73,252,060	\$74,568,264	6.7%
Mill Levies	23.456	23.546	23.580	26.121	11.4%
Assessed Valuations	1,098,921,073	1,077,678,389	1,093,343,355	1,095,669,466	-0.3%
Total Headcount	11,015	11,047	10,805	9,779	-11.2%
Total FTE	4,946	4,848	4,721	4,309	-12.9%

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Total All Funds Audited Revenues
Fiscal Year 2011 - 2014**



*Tuition and Fees are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances.

Notes for this section begin on page 226.

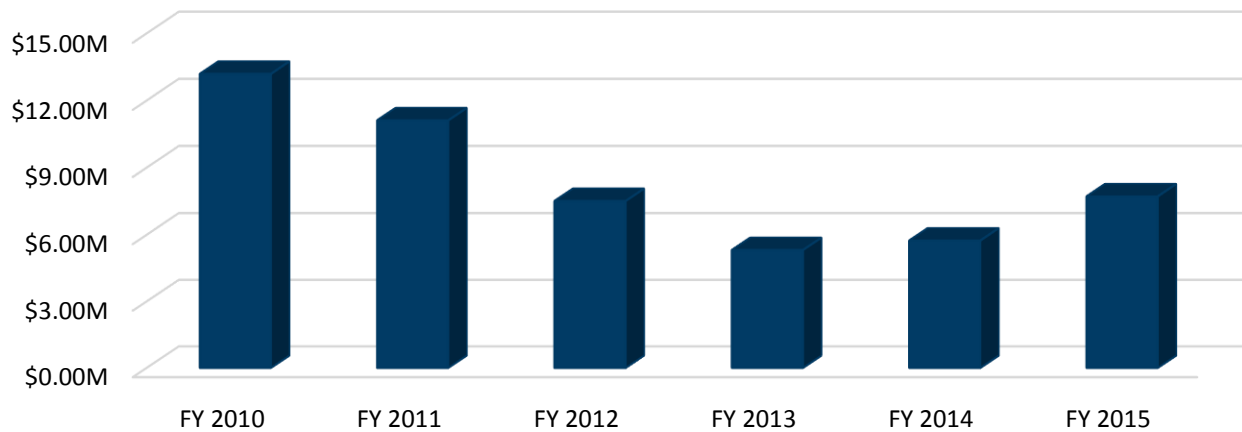
Source: *Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements; Municipal Budgets; KHEDS AY Collection*

**General Fund Changes in Unencumbered Cash*
Fiscal Year 2010 - 2015**

**Kansas City Kansas Community College
Table P.60**

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	% Change FY 10 - 15
Unencumbered Cash Balance, June 30th	\$13,187,410	\$11,109,744	\$7,505,739	\$5,312,355	\$5,737,405	\$7,709,176	-41.5%

**Kansas City Community College
Unencumbered Cash Balance, June 30th
Fiscal Year 2010 - 2015**



*The Unencumbered Cash balance is reported as of June 30th for each Fiscal Year.

Notes for this section begin on page 226.

Source: *Municipal Budgets*

Institutional Profile Notes – Kansas City Kansas Community College

General Notes:

1. Demographic and enrollment data can also be found in the Kansas Higher Education Reporting System (KHERS). KHERS is a web-based reporting tool providing access to data about Kansas public postsecondary institutions. KHERS allows users to view trends, filter reports, and perform comparisons through regularly-updated dashboards, graphs and charts. KHERS can be accessed via <http://www.kansasregents.org/>, under the “Data” heading.
2. Total Headcount and FTE have been added to the finance tables to add context to data as necessary.
3. While the number of years of data varies between tables in the Institutional Profiles section, the goal at Kansas Board of Regents is to have six years of data shown for each of our Data Book publications.

Table P.10: Student Demographics

1. A divisor of 30 is used to calculate FTE for undergraduate students in an academic year.

Table P.11: Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity

1. Starting in fall 2010, the community colleges were required to report a student’s race/ethnicity according to definitions and parameters established by the U.S. Department of Education (IPEDS). According to these new definitions, a student’s race/ethnicity can now be reported in four modified categories: Black or African-American, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and Two or more races. The other race/ethnicity reporting categories are White, Non-resident Alien, American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, and Unknown. The Hispanic ethnicity category includes all students who reported a Hispanic ethnicity, regardless of their race selection. Due to these race/ethnicity modifications, starting in fall 2010, the number of students in the Hispanic ethnicity category increased while the number students in the “Unknown” category decreased.
2. The “% Change” column does not reflect the change in percentage, but instead reflects the percent change in the number of students in each category for the time period. This number more accurately reflects the change in student population.

Table P.13: Enrollment by Age

1. The “% Change” column does not reflect the change in percentage, but instead reflects the percent of change in the number of students in each category for the time period. This number more accurately reflects the change in student population.

Table P.14: Enrollment by Student Status

1. Full-time students are defined as those enrolled in at least 24 credit hours in an academic year.

Table P.15: Degrees/Certificates Awarded

1. A Short-Term Program is a Certificate of Completion award earned by completing a KBOR designated stand-alone program. A stand-alone program is less than 16 credit hours, leads to an industry recognized credential, license, or certification and has been specified as a stand-alone program by KBOR’s Workforce Development staff and included in the Program Inventory data system.
2. Technical Certificate A (16-29 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 16 but less than 30 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).
3. Technical Certificate B (30-44 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 30 but less than 45 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).
4. Technical Certificate C (45-59 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 45 but less than 60 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).

Table P.16: Graduation Rates of First-Time, Full-Time Freshmen

1. The IPEDS Graduation Rates component collects data on the cohort of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students and tracks their completions status at 100% and 150% of the normal time to complete all

requirements of their program study. Once a student is in the cohort, they remain in the cohort, even if their status changes to part-time or they drop out or transfer out of the institution. However, adjustments can be made to the cohort for allowable exclusions, which include the death of a student, permanent disability, military deployment, or service on an official church mission or with a foreign aid service of the Federal government.

2. The IPEDS 200% Graduation Rates component is a further extension of the traditional Graduation Rates component. It requests information on any additional completers and exclusions from the cohort between 151% and 200% of normal time for a student to complete all requirements of their program of study. The reporting of data for the 200% completion period is not cumulative. Respondents are only asked to report data for the time period between 151% and 200% of normal time to completion.
3. Definitions are based on IPEDS definitions for full-time and part-time students:
 - a. A full-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in 12 or more semester credits each term.
 - b. A part-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in less than 12 semester credits each term.
4. The first year for the graduation rate is the first year of enrollment. Once a student has a completion, that completion is counted in all subsequent year rates.

Table P.17: Fall Retention Rates of First-Time Students

1. The IPEDS Fall Enrollment component collects data on the cohort of full-time and part-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students determined using fall attendance status. Exclusions include the students who died or were totally and permanently disabled, to serve in the armed forces, to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government, or to serve on official church missions.
2. Definitions are based on IPEDS definitions for full-time and part-time students:
 - a. A full-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in 12 or more semester credits each term.
 - b. A part-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in less than 12 semester credits each term.
3. The first year for the retention rate is the academic year following the year of enrollment. If a student has not completed and is no longer enrolled for a subsequent year, that student ceases to be counted unless he/she re-enrolls during a future academic period.

Table P.18: Student Success Index

1. Given the diverse population and varying mission of community colleges and technical colleges, the Student Success Index provides a more comprehensive measure of institutional effectiveness than traditional graduation and retention rates.
2. Outcomes for the Student Success Index are determined using data from both the KHEDS AY Collection and the National Student Clearinghouse. These outcomes are examined for an academic year cohort from the KHEDS AY Collection. The student is counted once per academic year for each institution. Translations have been made for merged institutions, and the current institution is used for the label. For completions, all completions reported to KBOR in the AY Completions File have been used. This may include stand-alone programs/occupational programs, certificates, and degrees. The segments on the index bar are mutually exclusive from left to right. Once the student is counted in one segment, that student is not counted in another segment.
3. The Student Success Index varies from typical IPEDS measures in the followings ways:
 - The index uses an academic year cohort, not the fall cohort.
 - The entrance year is the academic year in which the student entered the Kansas’ public postsecondary education system.
 - The index includes part-time and full-time students, as well as transfer students.
 - Exclusions. IPEDS allows exclusion of students from the cohort such as death or total and permanent disability; service in the armed forces (including those called to active duty); service with a foreign aid service of the federal government, such as the Peace Corps; or service on official church missions. KBOR does not track or remove exclusions.
 - Formal transfer prep programs. If an institution has a formal transfer prep program, but that student does not receive a formal award from the first institution, the first institution can count the student as a grad if the student fulfills the transfer prep program and transfers to another institution. KBOR does not track transfer prep specifically.
 - IPEDS allows institutions to count completers as ‘retained’ in retention rates for 2-year institutions under some circumstances. These are broken out separately for the index.

- Types of degrees/awards. In order to count a student or award for IPEDS the student must be seeking a formal degree, certificate, or award. KBOR and institutions have not always defined these in the same way, and some awards/occupational programs have not always been collected by KBOR. The index counts postsecondary credit toward degrees, certificates, and stand-alone programs (occupational programs) if these have been submitted to KBOR. Any level of completion found within the specified timeframe is counted.
- Expected time to degree. For the success index, no differentiation regarding the length of a degree program was made. KBOR evaluates whether a student completed or retained at the end of each entrance year whereas IPEDS looks at 150% of the time of the degree program.
- Mergers. KBOR used translations for the merged institutions. It is uncertain how these were reported to IPEDS.

1. Specific data for the Kansas City Kansas Community College Student Success Index is as follows:

Entrance Year	Completed Home Institution	Completed System Institution	Completed Elsewhere	Retained Home Institution	Retained System Institution	Retained Elsewhere	Student Success Index
2008	12.5%	4.4%	3.7%	18.0%	6.3%	6.9%	51.8%
2009	16.2%	4.8%	3.5%	17.2%	6.0%	6.3%	53.9%
2010	19.3%	2.5%	2.9%	13.7%	5.5%	4.9%	48.7%
2011	20.0%	2.8%	2.4%	14.7%	5.1%	5.5%	50.3%
2012	17.5%	2.4%	2.1%	13.2%	4.9%	6.3%	46.4%

Table P.20: Total Audited Operating Expenses

1. The expense categories were created based on existing classification of expenses in the *Independent Auditors’ Report and Financial Statements* for each institution for uniformity purposes.
2. Kansas City Kansas Community College, “Interest Expense” includes the audit category “Interest expense on capital asset debt”.

Table P.30: Total Audited Operating Revenues

1. The revenue categories were created based on existing classification of revenues in the *Independent Auditors’ Report and Financial Statements* for each institution for uniformity purposes.
2. Kansas City Kansas Community College, “State Appropriations” includes the audit category “State aid” and “County and Local Appropriations” includes the audit category “County property taxes”.

Table P.60: General Fund Changes in Unencumbered Cash

1. Unencumbered Cash is any cash asset that is not anticipated to be needed to pay costs associated with the business. It is money that can be re-directed to unanticipated needs, direct to new development, or counted with other assets when profits are tallied.
 - a. “Cash” is the name for an asset account that contains currency, coins, money orders, checking account balances and, in some states, specific government securities with a term of less than one year. It does not, however, include loan or mortgage proceeds, which must be paid back with interest.
 - b. The “General Fund” is one of two major sources of funding of Regents institutions’ operating budgets; general use funds consist of state general fund appropriations, general fee (tuition) revenue. During fiscal years 2010 and 2011, general use funds also may have included federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds.
2. The amounts for Fiscal Year 2010 – 2014 are audited, while the amount shown for Fiscal Year 2015 is an unaudited amount.