Barton Community College

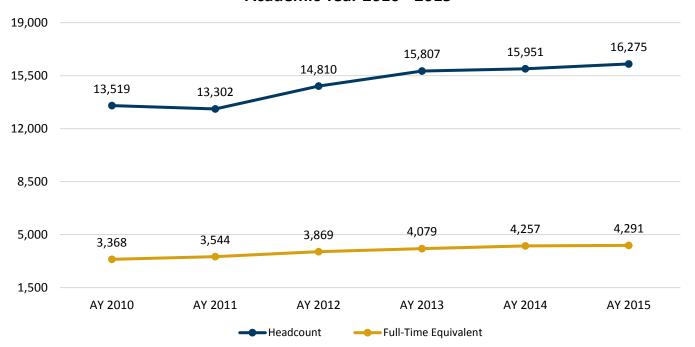
Barton Community College is a comprehensive community college located in Central Kansas serving Rice, Rush, Ellsworth, Stafford, Pawnee, Ellis and Barton Counties. Barton offers traditional general education courses, athletics, fine and performing arts opportunities, a plethora of career and technical training, transfer options and online classes. Further, Barton is a leader in providing training to the military with service locations at Fort Riley and Fort Leavenworth. Barton is accredited by the North Central Association of Secondary Schools and Colleges, Kansas Community Junior College Act of 1965, and fulfills its mission to "improve the economic and social lives of individuals and their contributions to society." The volume of hours taken by our more than 8,500 students equates to about 3,500 full-time students.

Student Demographics Academic Year 2010 - 2015

Table P.10

							% Change
	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	AY 10 - 15
Enrollment Headcount	13,519	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	16,275	20.4%
Full-Time Equivalent Enrollment	3,368	3,544	3,869	4,079	4,257	4,291	27.4%

Barton Community College Headcount and FTE Academic Year 2010 - 2015



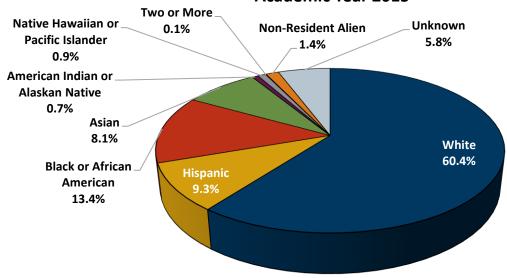
Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity Academic Year 2010 - 2015

Barton Community College Table P.11

Race/Ethnicity	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 10 - 15
Race/ Ethinicity	A1 2010	AT ZUII	A1 2012	A1 2013	A1 2014	A1 2015	A1 10 - 13
White	66.4%	69.9%	68.8%	66.9%	64.4%	60.4%	9.5%
Hispanic	8.5%	8.5%	9.0%	9.2%	9.6%	9.3%	31.2%
Black or African American	12.0%	12.3%	13.4%	13.0%	13.1%	13.4%	34.3%
Asian	1.0%	2.0%	3.3%	5.5%	7.1%	8.1%	837.9%
American Indian or Alaskan Native	1.2%	0.9%	1.0%	0.9%	0.8%	0.7%	-32.3%
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	1.3%	1.1%	1.0%	0.9%	0.9%	0.9%	-17.7%
Two or More	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	NA
Non-Resident Alien	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%	0.2%	0.3%	1.4%	NA
Unknown	9.4%	5.2%	3.3%	3.3%	3.6%	5.8%	-26.2%

Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity Academic Year 2015



Enrollment by Gender Academic Year 2010 - 2015

Table P.12

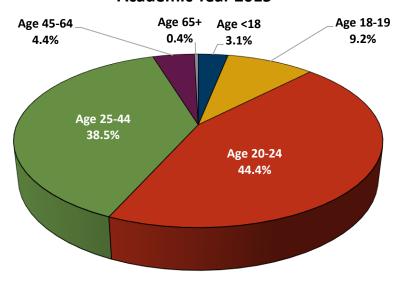
							% Change
Gender	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	AY 10 - 15
Female	5,070	5,413	6,036	6,591	6,415	6,454	27.3%
Male	8,449	7,889	8,774	9,212	9,534	9,821	16.2%
Unknown	0	0	0	4	2	0	NA
Total	13,519	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	16,275	20.4%

Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Enrollment by Age Academic Year 2010 - 2015

							% Change
Age	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	AY 10 - 15
<18	2.8%	3.0%	2.5%	3.2%	2.8%	3.1%	36.2%
18-19	9.4%	8.9%	8.4%	8.6%	8.9%	9.2%	17.7%
20-24	34.7%	35.5%	38.4%	40.6%	42.8%	44.4%	53.8%
25-44	46.0%	44.8%	43.4%	40.2%	39.7%	38.5%	0.9%
45-64	6.6%	7.3%	6.8%	6.6%	5.4%	4.4%	-21.2%
65+	0.5%	0.6%	0.5%	0.7%	0.4%	0.4%	6.3%

Enrollment by Age Academic Year 2015



Enrollment by Student Status & Residency Academic Year 2010 - 2015

Table P.14

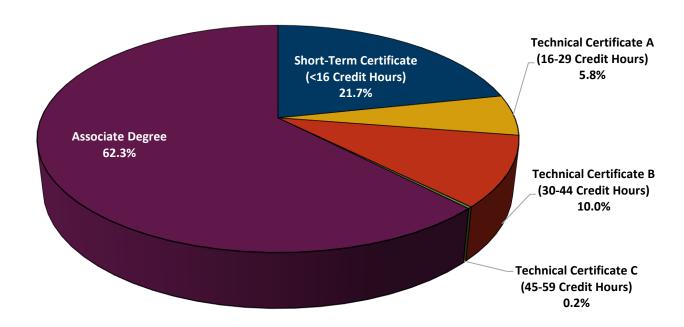
							% Change
Student Status	AY 2010	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	AY 10 - 15
Full-Time	1,168	1,266	1,327	1,294	1,382	1,276	9.2%
Part-Time	12,351	12,036	13,483	14,513	14,569	14,999	21.4%
Total	13,519	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	16,275	20.4%
Student Residency*							
Resident	12,290	12,122	13,482	14,124	14,018	13,120	6.8%
Resident by Exception	-	-	192	307	254	250	NA
Non-resident	1,229	1,180	1,136	1,376	1,679	2,905	136.4%
Total	13,519	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	16,275	20.4%

 $^{{}^{*}\}mathsf{See}$ notes section for explanation of the change in student residency definition.

Notes for this section begin on page 83.

	AY 2011	AY 2012	AY 2013	AY 2014	AY 2015	% Change AY 11 - 15
Short-Term Certificate (<16 Credit Hours)	37	212	307	265	180	386.5%
Technical Certificate A (16-29 Credit Hours)	41	31	48	47	48	17.1%
Technical Certificate B (30-44 Credit Hours)	74	63	84	68	83	12.2%
Technical Certificate C (45-59 Credit Hours)	7	13	22	13	2	-71.4%
Associate Degree	477	480	571	584	517	8.4%
Total	636	799	1,032	977	830	30.5%

Degrees/Certificates Awarded Academic Year 2015



Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Graduation Rates of First-Time, Full-Time Freshmen (100%, 150%, and 200% of Program Time)

Table P.16

		Cohort Year							
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011			
100% Graduation Rate	25.8%	22.6%	22.7%	20.6%	29.6%	20.4%			
150% Graduation Rate	33.7%	31.5%	30.5%	27.6%	29.6%	28.0%			
200% Graduation Rate	69.3%	38.2%	40.5%	33.0%	55.3%	NA*			

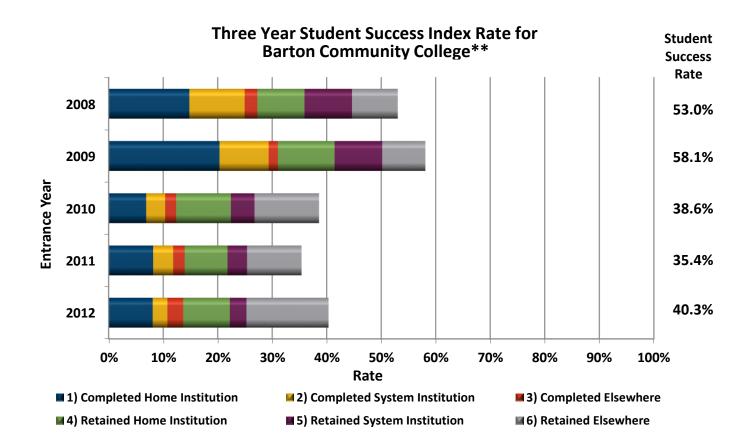
Fall Retention Rates of First-Time Students

Table P.17

	Cohort Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		
Part-Time Rate	56.6%	31.7%	15.2%	15.1%	20.2%	35.4%		
Full-Time Rate	61.9%	55.1%	56.5%	63.5%	60.1%	53.7%		

Student Success Index of First-Time & Transferring Students Entrance Year 2008 - 2012

Table P.18



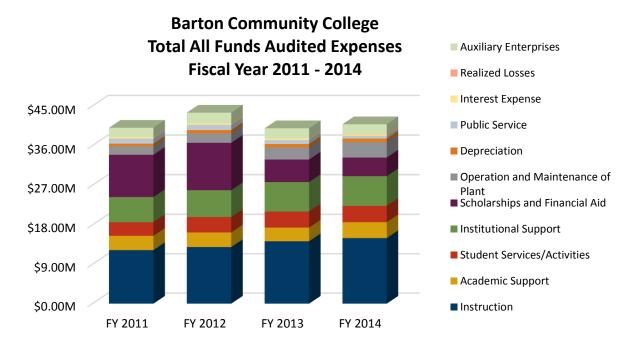
^{*}Data for the 200% rate for this cohort is not yet available.

Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Source: IPEDS Graduation Rates, 200% Graduation Rates, and Fall Enrollment Surveys; KHEDS AY Collection; National Student Clearinghouse

^{**}Specific data for the categories listed below is included in the notes section.

					% Change
Category	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 11 - 14
Instruction	\$12,267,061	\$12,964,654	\$14,294,166	\$15,016,639	22.4%
per FTE Student	\$3,461	\$3,351	\$3,504	\$3,528	1.9%
Academic Support	\$3,273,664	\$3,339,007	\$3,125,048	\$3,626,404	10.8%
per FTE Student	\$924	\$863	\$766	\$852	-7.8%
Student Services/Activities	\$3,086,712	\$3,497,108	\$3,632,642	\$3,690,271	19.6%
per FTE Student	\$871	\$904	\$891	\$867	-0.5%
Institutional Support	\$5,713,760	\$6,094,648	\$6,692,471	\$6,757,149	18.3%
per FTE Student	\$1,612	\$1,575	\$1,641	\$1,587	-1.5%
Scholarships and Financial Aid	\$9,599,950	\$10,766,278	\$5,123,546	\$4,221,201	-56.0%
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	\$1,930,681	\$2,135,948	\$2,741,637	\$3,533,089	83.0%
Depreciation	\$599,216	\$752,573	\$776,423	\$784,424	30.9%
Public Service	\$1,155,067	\$1,177,714	\$904,741	\$633,417	-45.2%
Interest Expense	\$341,001	\$374,894	\$337,049	\$318,348	-6.6%
Realized Losses	\$0	\$0	\$5,543	\$64,417	NA
Unrealized Losses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Other Expenses	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Subtotal All Funds - Expenses	\$37,967,112	\$41,102,824	\$37,633,266	\$38,645,359	1.8%
Auxiliary Enterprises	\$2,100,060	\$2,398,815	\$2,325,307	\$2,217,129	5.6%
Total All Funds - Expenses	\$40,067,172	\$43,501,639	\$39,958,573	\$40,862,488	2.0%
Total Headcount	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	19.9%
Total FTE	3,544	3,869	4,079	4,257	20.1%

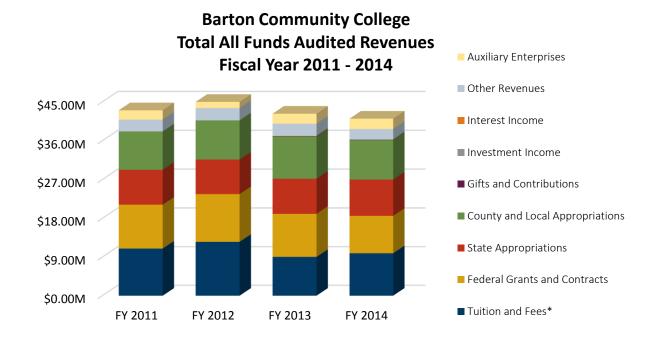


Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Source: Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements; Municipal Budgets; KHEDS AY Collection

Total All Funds Audited Revenues Fiscal Year 2011 - 2014

					% Change
Category	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 11 - 14
Tuition and Fees*	\$10,982,835	\$12,552,296	\$9,046,592	\$9,895,655	-9.9%
Federal Grants and Contracts	\$10,210,661	\$11,097,361	\$10,023,422	\$8,713,466	-14.7%
State and Local Grants and Contracts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Private Grants and Contracts	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
State Appropriations	\$8,067,647	\$7,984,713	\$8,128,178	\$8,394,266	4.0%
County and Local Appropriations	\$8,876,279	\$9,063,670	\$9,806,589	\$9,161,997	3.2%
Gifts and Contributions	\$0	\$0	\$80,000	\$45,167	NA
Investment Income	\$32,594	\$28,167	\$0	\$95,246	192.2%
Interest Income	\$0	\$0	\$32,485	\$24,182	NA
Sales and Services of Educational Departments	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Realized Gains	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Unrealized Gains	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	NA
Other Revenues	\$2,721,015	\$2,846,650	\$2,817,182	\$2,381,118	NA
Subtotal All Funds - Revenues	\$40,891,031	\$43,572,857	\$39,934,448	\$38,711,097	-5.3%
Auxiliary Enterprises	\$2,165,802	\$2,356,238	\$2,332,138	\$2,403,443	11.0%
Total All Funds - Revenues	\$43,056,833	\$45,929,095	\$42,266,586	\$41,114,540	-4.5%
Mill Levies	32.807	32.771	32.713	32.798	0.0%
Assessed Valuations	242,343,325	257,270,901	268,729,682	272,753,179	12.5%
Total Headcount	13,302	14,810	15,807	15,951	19.9%
Total FTE	3,544	3,869	4,079	4,257	20.1%



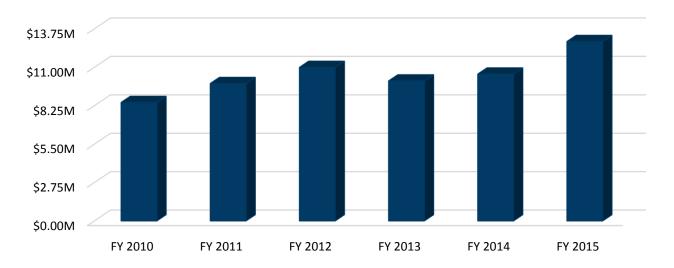
^{*}Tuition and Fees are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances.

Notes for this section begin on page 83.

Source: Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements; KHEDS AY Collection

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	% Change FY 10 - 15
Unencumbered Cash Balance, June 30th	\$8,478,273	\$9,834,412	\$10,989,517	\$10,019,533	\$10,510,209	\$12,838,581	51.4%

Barton Community College Unencumbered Cash Balance, June 30th Fiscal Year 2010 - 2015



Source: Municipal Budgets

^{*}The Unencumbered Cash balance is reported as of June 30th for each Fiscal Year. **Notes for this section begin on page 83.**

Institutional Profile Notes - Barton Community College

General Notes:

- 1. Demographic and enrollment data can also be found in the Kansas Higher Education Reporting System (KHERS). KHERS is a web-based reporting tool providing access to data about Kansas public postsecondary institutions. KHERS allows users to view trends, filter reports, and perform comparisons through regularly-updated dashboards, graphs and charts. KHERS can be accessed via https://www.kansasregents.org/, under the "Data" heading.
- 2. Total Headcount and FTE have been added to the finance tables to add context to data as necessary.
- 3. While the number of years of data varies between tables in the Institutional Profiles section, the goal at Kansas Board of Regents is to have six years of data shown for each of our Data Book publications.

Table P.10: Student Demographics

1. A divisor of 30 is used to calculate FTE for undergraduate students in an academic year.

Table P.11: Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity

- 1. Starting in fall 2010, the community colleges were required to report a student's race/ethnicity according to definitions and parameters established by the U.S. Department of Education (IPEDS). According to these new definitions, a student's race/ethnicity can now be reported in four modified categories: Black or African-American, Asian, Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander, and Two or more races. The other race/ethnicity reporting categories are White, Non-resident Alien, American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, and Unknown. The Hispanic ethnicity category includes all students who reported a Hispanic ethnicity, regardless of their race selection. Due to these race/ethnicity modifications, starting in fall 2010, the number of students in the Hispanic ethnicity category increased while the number of students in the "Unknown" category decreased.
- 2. The "% Change" column does not reflect the change in percentage, but instead reflects the percent change in the number of students in each category for the time period. This number more accurately reflects the change in student population.

Table P.13: Enrollment by Age

1. The "% Change" column does not reflect the change in percentage, but instead reflects the percent of change in the number of students in each category for the time period. This number more accurately reflects the change in student population.

Table P.14: Enrollment by Student Status

1. Full-time students are defined as those enrolled in at least 24 credit hours in an academic year.

Table P.15: Degrees/Certificates Awarded

- A Short-Term Program is a Certificate of Completion award earned by completing a KBOR designated stand-alone program.
 A stand-alone program is less than 16 credit hours, leads to an industry recognized credential, license, or certification and has been specified as a stand-alone program by KBOR's Workforce Development staff and included in the Program Inventory data system.
- 2. Technical Certificate A (16-29 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 16 but less than 30 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).
- 3. Technical Certificate B (30-44 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 30 but less than 45 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).
- 4. Technical Certificate C (45-59 Credit Hours) requires completion of an organized program of study in a technical area of at least 45 but less than 60 credit hours in length, at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree).

Table P.16: Graduation Rates of First-Time, Full-Time Freshmen

1. The IPEDS Graduation Rates component collects data on the cohort of full-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking undergraduate students and tracks their completions status at 100% and 150% of the normal time to complete all

- requirements of their program study. Once a student is in the cohort, they remain in the cohort, even if their status changes to part-time or they drop out or transfer out of the institution. However, adjustments can be made to the cohort for allowable exclusions, which include the death of a student, permanent disability, military deployment, or service on an official church mission or with a foreign aid service of the Federal government.
- 2. The IPEDS 200% Graduation Rates component is a further extension of the traditional Graduation Rates component. It requests information on any additional completers and exclusions from the cohort between 151% and 200% of normal time for a student to complete all requirements of their program of study. The reporting of data for the 200% completion period is not cumulative. Respondents are only asked to report data for the time period between 151% and 200% of normal time to completion.
- 3. Definitions are based on IPEDS definitions for full-time and part-time students:
 - a. A full-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in 12 or more semester credits each term.
 - b. A part-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in less than 12 semester credits each term.
- 4. The first year for the graduation rate is the first year of enrollment. Once a student has a completion, that completion is counted in all subsequent year rates.

Table P.17: Fall Retention Rates of First-Time Students

- 1. The IPEDS Fall Enrollment component collects data on the cohort of full-time and part-time, first-time degree/certificate-seeking students determined using fall attendance status. Exclusions include the students who died or were totally and permanently disabled, to serve in the armed forces, to serve with a foreign aid service of the Federal Government, or to serve on official church missions.
- 2. Definitions are based on IPEDS definitions for full-time and part-time students:
 - a. A full-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in 12 or more semester credits each term.
 - b. A part-time student is defined as a student who is enrolled in less than 12 semester credits each term.
- 3. The first year for the retention rate is the academic year following the year of enrollment. If a student has not completed and is no longer enrolled for a subsequent year, that student ceases to be counted unless he/she re-enrolls during a future academic period.

Table P.18: Student Success Index

- 1. Given the diverse population and varying mission of community colleges and technical colleges, the Student Success Index provides a more comprehensive measure of institutional effectiveness than traditional graduation and retention rates.
- 2. Outcomes for the Student Success Index are determined using data from both the KHEDS AY Collection and the National Student Clearinghouse. These outcomes are examined for an academic year cohort from the KHEDS AY Collection. The student is counted once per academic year for each institution. Translations have been made for merged institutions, and the current institution is used for the label. For completions, all completions reported to KBOR in the AY Completions File have been used. This may include stand-alone programs/occupational programs, certificates, and degrees. The segments on the index bar are mutually exclusive from left to right. Once the student is counted in one segment, that student is not counted in another segment.
- 3. The Student Success Index varies from typical IPEDS measures in the followings ways:
 - The index uses an academic year cohort, not the fall cohort.
 - The entrance year is the academic year in which the student entered the Kansas' public postsecondary education system.
 - The index includes part-time and full-time students, as well as transfer students.
 - Exclusions. IPEDS allows exclusion of students from the cohort such as death or total and permanent disability; service in the armed forces (including those called to active duty); service with a foreign aid service of the federal government, such as the Peace Corps; or service on official church missions. KBOR does not track or remove exclusions.
 - Formal transfer prep programs. If an institution has a formal transfer prep program, but that student does not
 receive a formal award from the first institution, the first institution can count the student as a grad if the
 student fulfills the transfer prep program and transfers to another institution. KBOR does not track transfer
 prep specifically.
 - IPEDS allows institutions to count completers as 'retained' in retention rates for 2-year institutions under some circumstances. These are broken out separately for the index.

- Types of degrees/awards. In order to count a student or award for IPEDS the student must be seeking a
 formal degree, certificate, or award. KBOR and institutions have not always defined these in the same way,
 and some awards/occupational programs have not always been collected by KBOR. The index counts
 postsecondary credit toward degrees, certificates, and stand-alone programs (occupational programs) if these
 have been submitted to KBOR. Any level of completion found within the specified timeframe is counted.
- Expected time to degree. For the success index, no differentiation regarding the length of a degree program was made. KBOR evaluates whether a student completed or retained at the end of each entrance year whereas IPEDS looks at 150% of the time of the degree program.
- Mergers. KBOR used translations for the merged institutions. It is uncertain how these were reported to IPEDS.
- 1. Specific data for the Barton Community College Student Success Index is as follows:

Entrance Year	Completed Home Institution	Completed System Institution	Completed Elsewhere	Retained Home Institution	Retained System Institution	Retained Elsewhere	Student Success Index
2008	14.8%	10.2%	2.3%	8.7%	8.7%	8.4%	53.0%
2009	20.3%	9.0%	1.7%	10.4%	8.7%	7.9%	58.1%
2010	6.9%	3.5%	2.0%	10.0%	4.3%	11.8%	38.6%
2011	8.2%	3.7%	2.1%	7.9%	3.6%	10.0%	35.4%
2012	8.1%	2.7%	2.9%	8.6%	3.1%	15.1%	40.3%

Table P.20: Total Audited Operating Expenses

- 1. The expense categories were created based on existing classification of expenses in the *Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements* for each institution for uniformity purposes.
- 2. For Barton Community College, "Realized Losses" includes the audit category "Loss from Sale of Assets".

Table P.30: Total Audited Operating Revenues

- 1. The revenue categories were created based on existing classification of revenues in the *Independent Auditors' Report and Financial Statements* for each institution for uniformity purposes.
- 2. For Barton Community College, "Federal Grants and Contracts" includes the audit categories "Federal Appropriations" and "Pell and SEOG Grants"; "County and Local Appropriations" includes the audit category "Property Taxes"; "Auxiliary Enterprises" includes the audit categories "Housing Payments" and "Bookstore Sales" and "Other Revenues" includes the audit category "Activity Revenue and Other".

Table P.60: General Fund Changes in Unencumbered Cash

- 1. Unencumbered Cash is any cash asset that is not anticipated to be needed to pay costs associated with the business. It is money that can be re-directed to unanticipated needs, direct to new development, or counted with other assets when profits are tallied.
 - a. "Cash" is the name for an asset account that contains currency, coins, money orders, checking account balances and, in some states, specific government securities with a term of less than one year. It does not, however, include loan or mortgage proceeds, which must be paid back with interest.
 - b. The "General Fund" is one of two major sources of funding of Regents institutions' operating budgets; general use funds consist of state general fund appropriations, general fee (tuition) revenue. During fiscal years 2010 and 2011, general use funds also may have included federal American Recovery and Reinvestment Act funds.
- 2. The amounts for Fiscal Year 2010 2014 are audited, while the amount shown for Fiscal Year 2015 is an unaudited amount.